

## 2025年同等学力申硕英语考试真题及答案（回忆版） 英语试卷

### Paper One (试卷一) (100minutes)

#### Part I Oral Communication (10 points)

##### Section A

**Directions:** In this section there are two incomplete dialogues and each dialogue has three blanks and three choices A, B and C, taken from the dialogue. Fill in each of the blanks with one of the choices to complete the dialogue and mark your answer on the Answer Sheet.

##### Dialogue One

- A. Let's meet at the checkout.
- B. Yeah, that's a great ideal.
- C. And we also need some eggs and chocolate chips.

**Louise:** Hey Julia..Look at those desserts! How about baking some cookies today?

**Julia:** 1 B While we're here, let's pick up the ingredients. But what do we need?

**Louise:** The recipe calls for flour, sugar and butter. 2 C

**Julia:** Why don't you get the dairy ingredients? You'll find those in the refrigerated section in the back of the store. I'll get the dry ingredients-they're in aisle 10.

**Louise:** Great! 3 A

**Julia:** OK. See you there

##### Dialogue Two

- A. I'm glad all the exams are over!
- B. I'll bring my notes.
- C. I owe you a treat for that.

**Lily:** Hey! How did your geography test go?

**Mehat:** Not bad, thanks. 4 A How did your examination go?

**Lily:** Oh, it went really well. I can't thank you enough for helping me with it! 5 C

**Mehat:** It's my pleasure. Do you feel like preparing a bit for the math exam next week?

**Lily:** Yeah, sure! Meet me at the library after 7 then?

**Mehat:** All right. 6 B

**Lily:** Sure. See you then. Bye.

##### Section B

**Directions:** In this section there is one incomplete dialogue which has four blanks and four choices A,B,C and D,taken from the interview. Fill in each of the blanks with one of the choices to complete the interview and mark your answer on the Answer Sheet.

- A. I think I am passionate about it.
- B. Your idea is great.
- C. I was talking with my father about my aim in life.
- D. I want to serve the poor people.

**Tamim:** Hey Sahan, you are looking so happy.What's the matter?

**Sahan:** Yeah, Tamim, you are right. Actually, **7 C**

**Tamim:** So what's that?

**Sahan:** I want to become a doctor. I talked with my dad today about it and he has inspired me a lot.

**Tamim:** That's very good. Why do you want to become a doctor?

**Sahan:** **8 D** Actually, I am from a village and I have seen people there not getting enough treatment and they are dying without medicine and proper treatment

**Tamim:** **9 B** I hope you will become a doctor and serve people.

**Sahan:** Yeah, thanks for your words. So, have you got any career choice?

**Tamim:** Yeah, I want to be a banker. I am studying commerce and accounting. **10A**

**Saban:** It's a popular profession right now.I think you have a pretty good observation.

## Part II Vocabulary(10 points)

**Directions:** in this part there are ten sentences, each with one word or phrase underlined, Choose the one from the four choices marked A, B, C and D that best keeps the meaning of the sentence.Mark your answer on the Answer Sheet.

11. The airline suspend fights to the island due to the volcanic ash clouds around the airport.

- A.halted** B.managed C.sustained D.retumed

12. Scientists collaborated to crack the secret of a rare plant species, leading to a ground breaking discovery.

- A.protect B. keep **C.uncover** D.hide

13. The reader responded positively to the book's exploration of new realms.

- A.challenges **B.areas** C.trends D.concession

14. The candidate's blunder during the debate cost him the election.

- A.strategy B.behavior **C.mistake** D.concession

15. Only when you've got enough credits will you be eligible to apply for the degree.

A. liable B. available C. **qualified** D. prepared

16. Experts will be called in to assess the environmental impact of the new construction project.

A. **evaluate** B. monitor C. understand D. alleviate

17. His campaign started modifying the logo to appeal to different types of voters.

A. rally B. represent C. register D. **attract**

18. The tax increase was postponed amid worries of a slump in consumer spending.

A. doubt B. guilt C. **decrease** D. restriction

19. It is vital for students to understand how to put into practice the knowledge in real world situations.

A. **apply** B. learn C. obtain D. seek

20. Periodic checks of the cooling system are necessary to maintain optimal engine performance.

A. Quick B. Thorough C. Constant D. **Regular**

### Part III Reading Comprehension (25 points)

**Directions:** In this section, there are four passages followed by questions or unfinished statements, each with four choices A, B, C and D. Choose the best answer and mark your answer on the Answer Sheet.

#### Passage One

NASA astronaut Frank Rubio set a new record on Monday, Sept. 11 for the longest single spaceflight conducted by a U.S. astronaut, after spending 371 days in space, and his mission isn't over.

Rubio originally was scheduled to spend six months in space before his mission was extended to more than a year. Throughout his record-breaking mission, Rubio contributed to several science experiments geared toward understanding how spaceflight affects human physiology and psychology.

"Every day we spend up here, we know a little more about how the human body behaves in space," Rubio explained. "We continue to do studies in the station that will help us when we continue exploring deeper and deeper into our solar system."

Rubio is the first astronaut to participate in a study examining how exercising with limited gym equipment affects the human body. Recognizing that crew members traveling to the Moon and elsewhere will not have enough room in their spacecraft for a treadmill (跑步机), researchers are eager to determine whether other exercise plans could keep crews healthy on long missions. So rather than running on the space

station's treadmill, Rubio exercised only on the space station's bicycle and weightlifting machine.

He is also one of a handful of astronauts to help researchers test whether an enhanced spaceflight diet can help humans better adapt to life in space. For this study, Rubio met with a specialist to create a customized diet loaded with nutrients, with an emphasis on foods such as fruits, vegetables, and fish. Scientists will evaluate whether consuming this diet boosted his immunity and improved how his body functioned.

For another experiment, Rubio helped nurture and monitor vegetables produced in the space station's Vegetable Production System, or Veggie. Future deep space missions will require astronauts to grow fresh food in space as an alternative to prepackaged food. This Veggie study evaluates regulations for growing produce in space, and whether plants grown in microgravity can help satisfy the dietary needs of astronauts on more distant spaceflight missions.

**21. What is special about Rubio?**

- A. He serves NASA for the longest time.
- B. He has the longest spaceflight in the U.S.
- C. He scheduled a single spaceflight.
- D. His space mission seems endless.

**22. Why is treadmill a poor exercise choice in the spacecraft?**

- A. Its maintenance is difficult.
- B. It makes too much noise.
- C. It makes too much noise and is uncomfortable.
- D. It is too big to fit in the spacecraft.

**23. What does an enhanced spaceflight diet (Para. 5) refer to?**

- A. Meals favored by astronauts.
- B. Customized foods with nutrients.
- C. A diet created by researchers.
- D. Foods that benefit mental health.

**24. Why did Rubio grow vegetables in the space station?**

- A. To cope with food shortage in space.
- B. To prepare for distant space missions.
- C. To reduce waste from prepackaged food.
- D. To boost farming production on Earth.

**25. What is the main topic of this passage?**

- A. An astronaut's contributions to space mission

- B. Feasible experiments in outer space.
- C. Human body behavior and function in space.**
- D. Challenges in adapting to outer space.

### Passage Two

Mainstream science is finally recognizing the medicinal properties of ant honey, a substance native Australians have been using for centuries to treat colds and sore throats. According to a new study, this sweet substance carries strong antimicrobial (杀菌的) properties.

Scientists from the University of Sydney's Carter Lab, led by Professor Dee Carter, studied the Australian honeypot ant. This ant species is found in desert areas, mainly in Western Australia and the Northern Territory. The honey these ants make isn't stored in cells in hives but inside other ants. Certain ants in their colonies are fed flower juice by other ants until their bellies swell to the size of grapes. Then when food is scarce, the honey-filled ants vomit up (吐出) their sweet liquid for the other ants to eat.

"For our people, honey ants are more than just a food source. Digging for them is a very enjoyable way of life and away of bringing the family together," says Danny Ulrich who operates honeypot ant tours in Western Australia. "Our people have been enjoying sweet honey ants for thousands of years. As for its medicinal use, we use it for sore throats and sometimes as a skin cream to help keep infections from getting worse."

The study conducted by the Carter Lab marks the first time that ant honey has been investigated for its medicinal properties. The researchers found that ant honey possess "unique" antimicrobial activity against bacteria. They confirmed that its mechanism of action is different from that of Manuka honey, a well-established treatment for wounds and skin infections. Manuka honey is produced from the flowers of a native New Zealand tree.

"Our research shows that honeypot ant honey possesses a distinctive effect that sets it apart from other types of honey," says Dr. Kenya Fernandes from the Carter Lab team. "This discovery means that honeypot ant honey could contain compounds with substantial antimicrobial power, identifying these could provide us with starting points for developing new and different types of antibiotics."

25. What do we learn about native Australians in Paragraph1?

- A. They cure sore throats with ant honey.**
- B. They stopped using ant honey long ago.
- C. They participated in an ant honey study.
- D. They found a new medicinal property of ant honey.

27. Where do Australian honeypot ants store their honey?

- A. In their hives.
- B. In the flowers.
- C. Inside their bodies.**
- D. Inside the grapes.

28. What is Ulrich's job as mentioned in Paragraph 3?

A. A local cook.

B. A leading scientist.

C. A family doctor.

D. A tour agent.

29. What do we know about ant honey from the Carter Lab's study?

A. It was investigated for the first time.

B. It has a special effect against bacteria.

C. It has its origin from New Zealand.

D. It works the same way as other honey.

30. What would be the next step for the Carter Lab team?

A. To identify the compounds of ant honey.

B. To propose a new treatment for colds.

C. To develop more honey products.

D. To call for action to protect the ants.

### Passage Three

Coffee makes you happy. The researcher David Warburton observed what I could have told him without writing a study. A low dose of caffeine (咖啡因) can lead to a "significant increase in happiness and calmness and decrease in tenseness." He also noted that, among the study participants, these effects did not come from alleviating a desire from a caffeine addiction; the effect was true, pure, and wonderful. A miracle really.

Caffeine is a gift in ways besides happiness. Combined with exercise, it can improve cognitive performance, and if you've been sleeping less than optimally, it can enhance your reaction time and logical reasoning abilities. Remember this as you head out in traffic: The life your coffee saves could be your own.

Nothing in life is free, of course. Consuming more caffeine over time may lead to a state of tolerance, in which caffeine has a smaller effect after chronic use. However, this "problem" is really just an opportunity to enjoy more coffee.

Some people believe that the solution to tolerance is to hit the reset button. My wife is one of them: Recently, noticing the increases in my consumption over the years, she innocently proposed that I "take a little break" from coffee. The very suggestion made me fly into a rage. "Here's an idea," I replied, heart rate soaring. "Why don't we just live apart for a year so it feels more like it did when we were first married?" An overreaction? I think not.

I'm at peace with the long-term effects of my devotion to coffee. Research from Japan shows that habitually drinking coffee reduces all-cause mortality. Studies in mice suggest that it does so by, among other things, encouraging autophagy, the biological process of cleaning out cellular trash, which naturally slows as we age.

Coffee has also been found to reduce levels of fatty acid in the blood of aged mice, which has been linked to diabetes and cancer in humans.

Assuming that coffee does keep me alive for an extra few days or decades, I know how I'll spend them: drinking more coffee, of darker and darker roasts, whose strong smell helps combat age-related loss of taste and smell.

31. The "miracle" in the first paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_\_. (待确认)

- A. the exciting research result
- B. the strong caffeine addiction
- C. the wonderful effect of coffee
- D. Warburton's achievement

32. Caffeine brings the following benefits EXCEPT \_\_\_\_.

- A. enhancing your happiness
- B. making you more intelligent
- C. improving your reasoning abilities
- D. helping you sleep optimally

33. The phrase "hit the reset button" (Para. 4) means "\_\_\_\_\_".

- A. stop drinking coffee for a while
- B. lower caffeine consumption
- C. live apart from one's family
- D. reduce levels of fatty acid

34. What is the effect of drinking coffee regularly, according to Japanese research?

- A. It increases the risk of death.
- B. It helps clean out cellular trash.
- C. It poses threat to mental health.
- D. It is a cause of aging problems.

35. What does the author indicate in the last paragraph?

- A. He will spend more time promoting coffee.
- B. He will try to find a substitute for coffee.
- C. He will consume more and stronger coffee.
- D. He will develop a better habit of drinking.

#### Passage Four

Humans help each other—it's one of the foundations of civilized society. But a new study by scientists at the University of California, Berkeley, reveals that a lack of sleep weakens this fundamental human attribute, with real-world consequences.

The study, led by UC Berkeley research scientists Eti Simon and Matthew Walker, adds to a growing body of evidence demonstrating that inadequate sleep not only harms the mental and physical well-being of an individual, but also compromises the bonds between individuals.

In the study, the scientists placed 24 healthy volunteers in a functional magnetic resonance imager (fMRI) (核磁共振成像仪) to scan their brains after eight hours of sleep and after a night of no sleep. They found that areas of the brain that form the mind network were less active after a sleepless night. "When we think about other people, this network engages and allows us to comprehend what other people's needs are: What are they thinking about? Do they need help?" Ben Simon said. "However, this network was markedly impaired when individuals were sleep deprived. It's as though these parts of the brain fail to respond when we are trying to interact with other people after not getting enough sleep."

The scientists also tracked more than 100 people online over three or four nights, and measured the quality of their sleep, how long they slept, how many times they woke up, and then assessed their desire to help others, such as holding an elevator door open for someone else, volunteering or helping an injured stranger on the street. They found that a decrease in the quality of someone's sleep from one night to the next predicted a significant decrease in the desire to help other people from one subsequent day to the next.

Looking at the big picture, a lack of sleep makes people less sympathetic and less generous. "Sleep, it turns out, is an incredible lubricant to connected and generous human behavior," Simon said. "It is time as a society to abandon the idea that sleep is unnecessary or a waste and, without feeling embarrassed, start getting the sleep that we need. It is the best form of kindness we can offer ourselves, as well as the people around us."

**36. What can be learned about the study by Simon and Walker?**

- A. It examines sleep from a fresh perspective.
- B. It confirms the findings of other sleep research.
- C. It is a major breakthrough in the study of sleep.
- D. It is part of a long-term research project on sleep.

**37. What did the fMRI result indicate about the mind network?**

- A. It was activated to make sleep much easier.
- B. It was enhanced when sleep loss occurred.
- C. It formed obstacles to normal comprehension.
- D. It was less responsive after sleep deprivation.

**38. What did the scientists find after tracking people online and measuring their sleep?**

- A. People with poor sleep were less keen to help others.



- B. Sleep quality was a poor indicator of generosity.
- C. Generous human behavior followed a downward trend.
- D. The willingness to help other people was hard to predict.

39. What does Simon emphasize in the last paragraph?

- A. The risks of poor sleep tend to be underestimated.
- B. The link between sleep and health remains unknown.
- C. Adequate sleep helps improve interpersonal connection.
- D. Better approaches to improving sleep should be developed.

40. Which of the following can be the best title for this passage?

- A. Lack of sleep makes us less generous.
- B. Mutual help benefits a civilized society.
- C. Why people's sleeping patterns matter?
- D. Why people suffer from sleep deprivation?

#### Passage Five

With the cost-of-living crisis biting, more people are considering living in alternative housing, particularly vans and houseboats. A recent study found that 51% of millennials (千禧一代) would be willing to live in an alternative dwelling to get a foot on the first step of the ladder, with 53% saying they would live in a van, and 33% up for living in a houseboat.

When you live in a van, there's no mortgage or rent to pay, and there aren't any utility bills. Your main expense will be petrol for the van, so you can lower your costs even further by staying in one place for as long as possible. This allows you to work fewer hours if you choose. Living in a van can be a liberating experience. Working less gives you more time to travel, enjoy hobbies, work on side projects, or simply relax and enjoy yourself.

Van life can seem enticing, with its reduced expenses and enhanced freedom. However, this lifestyle comes with many challenges and isn't always as glamorous as it is portrayed on social media. Keeping yourself clean is one of the challenges of this lifestyle. A survey found that 28% of van lifers shower at the gym, 21% use built-in van showers, and 20% use campsite facilities, which normally come with a fee. A combined 13% said they bathe with baby wipes, or in rivers or seas. Although there is a range of sizes of vans and houseboats, none will offer you the same amount of space as most conventional homes. There are times when you feel very packed.

#### Comment 1:

Using a toilet while living in a van isn't always an enjoyable topic to discuss. Some van dwellers use "pee bottles" or simply relieve themselves in the "open space" outside the van. This isn't for everyone.

#### Comment 2

We're always on our own schedule and have been able to experience each destination in a totally different way. If we end up really liking a specific spot, we can choose to stay longer if we want.

**Comment 3**

The size of the van can make for constant re-organisation of things, and a lot of bumping elbows.

**Comment 4**

If your van or boat breaks down and needs to be repaired or replaced, this can leave you in a tricky situation as it is your home. Ours took almost a month to fix, and we had to get it towed 200 miles. Since we had to stay with family out of town we weren't able to work.

**41. What makes more people think about living in vans and houseboats?**

- A. The desire to try new things.
- B. The rising living expenses.**
- C. The pressure to find a job.
- D. The increasing commute time.

**42. What might be the biggest expense if you choose to live in a van?**

- A. Mortgage.
- B. Utility.
- C. Travel.
- D. Fuel.**

**43. The word "enticing" (Para. 3) probably means "\_\_\_".**

- A. Expensive
- B. promising
- C. attractive**
- D. challenging

**44. Which comment agrees that vans and houseboats do not offer enough space?**

- A. Comment 1.
- B. Comment 2.
- C. Comment 3.**
- D. Comment 4.

**45. Which comment indicates the conveniences of living in vans?**

- A. Comment 1.
- B. Comment 2.**
- C. Comment 3.
- D. Comment 4.

**Part IV Cloze (10 minutes, 10 points)**

**Directions:** In this part, there is a passage with wst ten blanks. For each blank there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the best answer for each blank and mark your answer on the **Answer Sheet**.

Artificial intelligence (AI) is more present in our lives than ever. With varied uses, AI can 46 what we want to see as we browse social media, 47 helping to global challenges like hunger, environmental changes, and epidemics. This technology has countless 48 in the real world. A McKinsey survey illustrates that AI adoption followed a(n) 49 trend in the year 2021 and continues to do so. According to the survey, “56 percent of all respondents 50 AI adoption in at least one function.”

However, AI technology is not always 51—AI can violate privacy, AI-generated output cannot always be explained, and AI can be 52. When the data feeding an AI system is not representative of the diversity and popularity of our societies, it can 53 discriminatory outcomes.

An often-cited example is facial recognition technology. Used to access mobiles and bank 54, it's also being increasingly employed by law enforcement authorities. With emerging problems accurately identifying women and darker-skinned people, facial recognition is far from being perfected. This is not surprising when you look at how AI is developed: Only 1 in 10 software developers worldwide are women. 55, developers come overwhelmingly from western countries. Therefore, AI ethics policies should be formulated from the start.

- |                           |                      |                       |                  |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| 46. <b>A. predict</b>     | B. change            | C. prove              | D. order         |
| 47. A. as long as         | <b>B. as well as</b> | C. as far as          | D. as much as    |
| 48. <b>A. application</b> | B. drawbacks         | C. concerns           | D. devices       |
| 49. A. backward           | B. downward          | C. outward            | <b>D. upward</b> |
| 50. <b>A. report</b>      | B. conduct           | C. reform             | D. analyze       |
| 51. A. possible           | <b>B. beneficial</b> | C. unusual            | D. random        |
| 52. A. praised            | B. updated           | C. confused           | <b>D. biased</b> |
| 53. A. review             | B. reflect           | <b>C. produce</b>     | D. question      |
| 54. <b>A. accounts</b>    | B. clerks            | C. branches           | D. interests     |
| 55. A. Otherwise          | B. However           | <b>C. Furthermore</b> | D. Consequently  |

**Part V Text completion (20 minutes, 20 points)**

**Directions:** In this part, there are three incomplete texts with 20 questions (Ranging from 56 to 75). Above each text there are three or four phrases to be completed. First, use the choices provided in the box to complete the phrases. Second, use the completed phrases to fill in the blanks of the text. Note you should blacken the letters that indicate your answers on the **Answer Sheet**.

**Text One**

A. cars with drivers    B. along a street    C. on an icy road

**Phrases:**

A. park themselves **56B**

B. slipping **57C**

C. move closer together than **58A**

Most cars already have some driver-less technology like the Anti-lock Braking system(ABS). When a car is **59B**, the ABS can tap the brakes quickly. The wheels turn slowly but do not stop. The driver can then steer the car to safety.

Many cars also have parallel parking technology. These cars can **60A**. No driver is needed. As cars get more driver-less technology, they will be safer than cars with a driver. Driver-less cars can **61C**. This may make driving on busy roads safer. Also, automated vehicles don't get sleepy or text on their phones while driving.

### Text Two

A. a threat to    B. adaptable    C. rely on

#### Phrases:

A. they're smart, **62B**, creative and loud

B. others **63C** cities as a refuge from extinction

C. others **64A** the local wildlife

Today at least 60 of the world's 380 or so parrot species have a breeding population in a country outside their natural geographical range. Each successful transplant has its own story: some are friendly, **65 C**; some are abundant in their home ranges, whereas **66B**. All are by-products of the pet trade and animal trafficking around the world. Because they're parrots, **67A**. "They're animals that are really social, and they live in cognitively complex social environments," says Grace Smith-Vidaurre, a postdoctoral fellow at the Rockefeller University and the University of Cincinnati, who studies the birds. They are like humans in a lot of ways.

### Text Three

A. millions of fans    B. hit a ball    C. prize money    D. tactics

#### Phrases:

A. can earn as much **68C** as men

B. uses a racket to **69B**

C. watched on TV by **70A**

D. how to use **71D** to win

Tennis is one of the world's most widely played sports, enjoyed by players of all ages. It is also a popular spectator sport, with star players in glamorous tournaments (锦标赛) **72C** all over the world. Women's matches attract as much interest as the men's, and tennis is one of the few professional sports in which women **73A**. Singles matches are played between two players and doubles matches are between two teams of two players. Each player **74B** over a net into their opponent's side of court. A player wins a point when his or her opponent cannot return a shot, or the opponent's shot doesn't land in the court. They also learn **75D**, such as by playing to their opponent's weaknesses.

Paper Two(试卷二) (50 minutes)

**Part VI Translation (10points)**

**Directions:** Translate the following passage into Chinese, Write your answer on the Answer Sheet.

When you're enjoying the outdoors—whether you're at a local park or camping in the wilderness—it's important to minimize your impact on the environment around you. Anything you leave behind, even by accident, could be harmful to animals or plants. To reduce your impact on nature, practice the principles of "leave no trace." That means leaving an area exactly as you found it when you arrived. Always look around to make sure you picked up everything you brought with you. It's also best not to take items you find in nature. Rocks, shells, and sticks are part of the local ecosystem and should be left alone.

**参考译文:**

当你在享受户外活动时——无论是在当地公园,还是在野外露营——最大化减少对周围环境的影响至关重要。你留下的任何东西,哪怕是无意间留下的,都可能对动植物有害。为了减少对自然的影响,请践行“不留痕迹”原则。这意味着离开时要让这片区域保持你初到时的模样。务必环顾四周,确保带走你带来的所有东西。最好也不要带走你在自然中发现的物品。石头、贝壳和树枝都是当地生态系统的一部分,应该让它们留在原地。

**Part VII Writing (15 points)**

**Directions:** Write a composition in no less than 150 words on the topic: **The Importance of Lifelong Learning**. You could write according to the hints given below. Write your composition on the Answer Sheet.

In the rapidly changing world today, the value of lifelong learning has become increasingly evident. Discuss the significance of lifelong learning in individuals' personal and professional development. Include examples and reasons to support your viewpoint.

**参考范文(套积极有利模板):**

As the society becomes more and more advanced and complicated, lifelong learning (主题) plays an important role in the lives of individual members of the society and in the development of the society itself. It is universally acknowledged that the significance of lifelong learning (主题) manifests itself.

Many points could demonstrate my view, and three main ones are listed as follows. First of all, people mostly agree that it provides possibility for the realization of one's aspirations (原因一). Besides, it facilitates personal growth and advancement (原因二), which is another truth we must face. Last but not least, there is a growing awareness that it allows people to live a more fulfilling life (原因三).

Taking all these into account, we can draw a conclusion that its advantages could not be ignored and would bring about effects into our lives. It is significant to hold a suitable attitude towards it.

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